A TRVE RELATION OF ALL THE REMARKABLE PLACES AND *PASSAGES OBSERVED IN* the Travels of the right honourable

THOMAS *Lord* HOVVARD, *Earle of* Arundell and Surrey, Primer Earle, and Earle *Marshall of* ENGLAND,

Ambassadour Extraordinary to his sacred Majesty *Ferdinando* the second, Emperour of *Germanie*, *Anno Domini* 1636.

By *William Crowne* Gentleman.

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TO

THE TRUE NOBLE AND MY HONOURABLE MASTER, MASTER THOMAS HOVVARD, Sonne and Heire to the Right Honourable *Henry* Lord *Matravers*, *Grandchilde to the Right Honourable* Thomas Earle of *Arundell* and *Surrey*, Lord high *Marshall* of England, and his Majesties *late Ambassadour to the* Emperour of Germany.

NOble Sir, I know your innate goodnes is such, that you cannot contemne this well intended Abstract, though gathered by an infirme hand, considering, it reporteth the difficult Embassie of no lesse person than your most ennobled Grandfather, my dred Lord, from whose sage steps, when our King shall please to invite you, to give

Cæsar *a second visit, you may the better know the way, and be secured from many imminent dangers by such a provident care: pardon me, deare Sir, that I make your choice tendernesse my Patron (since the Discourse is no more pleasing) my aimes and endeavours being all bent to serve you; and therefore the effects must needs be yours: truly Sir, your early beginnings promise such a rare proceeding, that you seeme to anticipate your age by out-stripping time in your wisedome and sweet discretion, And if I may obtaine your beloved smiles in this bold, though honest, action, I shall not feare what the sharpe jerke of any malignant tongue can doe unto me, but will glory in my Character, Happy Servant in such a Master,*

William Crowne.

A RELATION BY WAY OF JOURNALL, &c.

THE seventh of *April* being *Thursday*, 1636. His Excellency departed from *Greenwich* for *Germanie*, tooke Barge about three of the clocke in the morning, and landed at *Gravesend*, from thence by Coach to *Canterbury* to bed, the next day to *Margate* where wee dined, and about three of the clocke in the afternoone, hee tooke shipping in one of the Kings Ships called the *Happy Entrance*, and landed the tenth day being Sunday at *Helver-sluce*, and from thence to the *Brill*, there sailing over a lake into *Masans-sluce*, and so on by waggons to *Delph*, and to the *Hage*: but a mile before wee came thither, there met us some of the *Queene of Bohemia's* Coaches, which her Majesty sent for his Excellency, and in one of them his Excellency went to her Majesty that night, the time we staid there, was spent in visits betweene the *Prince* of *Orange*, his Hage.

his Excellency and the States, with some other Ambassadours, that were then there, as the *French*, *Venetian*, and the *Swedish*, heere we staid three daies, and departed the fourteenth day by wagons, passing through *Leiden* to *Woerden*, and then entred the Bishopricke of Utrecht. *Utrecht*, and so to the City it selfe where wee lay, the Princes being there at schoole, his Excellency went to see them that night, the next day thence to *Rhenem* to dine, where the Queene hath an house adjacent to the *Rhine*, on the left side, which wee viewed, having faire roomes and gardens belonging to it, after diner, wee entered into *Gelder-land*, so through *Wagening* to *Arnheim* to bed, passing that afternoone through much danger, by reason of Out-lyers from the Army at *Schenckenschans*, which was not farre off, the Prince of *Brandeburgh* being heere in Towne, visited his Excellency the next day, and the day after his Excellency visited him, who was shewed by him, the ashes of some *Romanes* preserved in pots, that were found in a Mountaine called *Zanten*, which wee afterward passed by, heere wee lay *Easter-day* and the *Munday* following, and did see the smoake and fire out of the great Peeces from the *Sconce*, as they were in skirmish, thether his Excellency sent the Steward and a Trumpeter to demand passage of the Spanyard in the *Schans*, and *Grave William* for the Hollander, but the Spaniard would not grant it, without order from *Brussels*, *Grave William* hearing their answer, sent his Excellency word, hee made no doubt, but to give him free passage the next day, for he resolved to make an assault that night upon the *Sconce*, upon the assault, the Spaniards yeelded it up on conditions, and heere

his

his Excellency publiſhed certaine orders, to be generally obſerved amongſt us, one reaſon was, the ſickeneſſe, being heere very much, wee ſtaid heere three daies and departed the nineteenth in waggons for the *Schans*, firſt croſſed over the *Rhine* juſt by the towne on to the right ſide into *Cleveland*, and ſo to the *Tolhouſe*, a Caſtle where the Hollanders take toll at, adjoyning to the *Rhine* on the ſame ſide, then paſſing through all their workes and Army, leaving the *Schans* at a diſtance which was miſerably battered, untill wee came to *Grave William* his Tent, where ſome of the Spaniards were ſealing of their agreements what quarter they ſhould have, who inſtantly left them, to bring his Excellency over the *Rhine* on a Bridge of flat bottom'd Boates, guarded with all his Troopes of Horſe, untill wee came at the Barke wherein his Excellency lay that night, then returned and ſent a Company of Engliſh Souldiers to guard it, the next day earely wee weighed Anchor and ſailed up the *Rhine*, having a Guard of Souldiers along the ſhore, by reaſon the Enemy went out of the *Schans* that morning, ſo paſſing by *Emmerick* and *Rees*, Townes with ſtrong ſconces adjoyning to the *Rhine* on the left ſide, then in ſight of the Mountaine *Zanten* on the other ſide, ſo by *Burick*, on the ſame ſide, to *Weſell* a Towne on the left ſide of the *Rhine*, againſt which wee caſt Anchor, and lay on ſhip-board all night, for they died there of the ſickeneſſe more than thirty a day, nevertheleſſe the next morning we tooke waggons in number eighteen and diſplaied our Engliſh colours in three ſeverall wagons, paſſing over a little River in Boats call'd *Lipp*, then by *Rheinbergh* on the right hand being the laſt

Schenck-ſhants.

Weſell.

Towne of the States, then by *Dinſlacken*, on the ſame ſide to *Dinsburgh* to dinner, where none of our carriage might enter in, for as his Excellency entered the gate, one of the watch diſcharged his peece neere unto the horſes breaſt, the reſt being inſtantly commanded to the contrary, but the Gates were ſhut up, and wee kept out, untill the Towne were ſatisfied, wee were no Enemy, our carriage and Company being great, frightened them a: the firſt after diner we paſt through a long Wood in much danger, and in the view of Rogues, who did not ſet upon us becauſe our Company was great, yet we fearing the worſt, had ſent for a Convoy of Musketiers to the next Towne before, who met us not untill we were out of the Wood.

Then wee entered into *Bergiſh-land*, and went by
Duſſeldorp. *Keiſerſwert* to *Duſſeldorp* to bed, which adjoynes to the *Rhine* on the left ſide, where the Duke of *Neiuburgh* lay, who was with his Dutcheſſe abroad taking the aire, but eſpying us comming, returned backe into the Towne with ſpeed, and ſent to have the Ports ſhut up; thinking wee had beene ſome Enemy, but hearing it was his Excellency was very joyfull, and ſent Coaches for him, to come and ſuppe with him, and to make his houſe his lodging the time he ſtaid; but the next morning after breake-faſt, perceiving his Excellency would goe away, had three Coaches waiting at the doore, into one hee put his Excellency, and us into the reſt, and brought us out of Towne, with a Company of Horſemen and Foote in Armes, and a Troope of Lances going before, and Trumpets ſounding about the Coach, his owne Guard; being thus brought without the Gates, hee tooke his leave of his Excellency

and

and returned, and as wee were departing, there went off great peeces of Ordnance.

Thence neere *Neusse*, and then crossed over the *Rhine* at a little Dorpe called *Hittorpe*, into the Territory of *Collein*, and then to the City where we lay. It is Collen. seated on the right side of the *Rhine*, where the Bishop of *Mentz* was, who sent one of his Privie Counsell to invite his Excellency the next day to diner, he then sent three of his Coaches for us, and gave his Excellency very noble entertainement; the first night his Excellency came, were presented unto him twenty foure Flaggons of severall kindes of Wine, the next day twenty eight, and at every Present, there was a long speech made to his Excellency in Latine by one that came with the Wine, which came all from the Magistrates of the City in Flaggons with the City Armes on them, the Jesuits there have built them a very stately Church and richly adorned it with gildings and erected an Altar one of the statelyest, I ever saw, in the City likewise there is a great Church called the *Dome*, wherein lye the Bodies of three Kings, called *The three Kings of Collein*, which went to worship our Saviour, then is there another Church called Saint *Ursulas*, in which lyeth the bones of 1100. Virgins in places locked up, and Saint *Ursula* in a faire Tombe by them, which came all thither with her for their Devotion, there is besides a Nunnery and some English Nunnes there.

Heere we staid a weeke, and the twenty eighth day wee tooke a Boate drawne with nine horses and went up the *Rhine*, by many Villages pillaged and shot downe, and many brave Vineyards on Mountaines, a-

long the Rivers ſide, paſſing by *Bonn* on the right ſide, and ſeven high *Burghens* with old Caſtles on them, ſeated on the other ſide of the River, and to *Drachenfels* Caſtle on the left of the *Rhine*, againſt which wee caſt Anchor and lay that night on ſhip-board, the next morning earely weighed Anchor, paſſing by an Iſland in which is a Monaſtery of Nunnes called *Nonenwerther*, ſo on by *Hammerſtein* Caſtle by *Keigrmagen Andernach* and *Ormus* three Townes on the right ſide of the *Rhine*, againſt *Ormus* wee caſt Anchor and lay on ſhip-board.

The next day earely weighed Anchor and went by *Engers* on the left ſide, and there begunne *Trieriſchlandt*, and ſo to *Coblentz* a Towne adjoyning to the *Rhine* on the right ſide, which the French lately loſt, being driven out by the Emperours Forces into a Caſtle ſeated on a very high Rocke, oppoſite to the Towne called *Hermanſtein*, which commandeth the Towne, who were then skirmiſhing when wee came, wherefore wee caſt Anchor about halfe an Engliſh mile before, and ſent a Trumpeter deſiring paſſage, which they willingly granted, ceaſing their fight on both ſides, the Generall in the Towne making preparation to entertaine his Excellency, did but open the Gate, thinking to cleare the paſſage for his Excellencies entrance, preſently they in the Caſtle let flye a Cannon and were like to have ſlaine ſome of them, wherefore they withdrew from ſhewing of themſelves, untill his Excellency came againſt the Gate, and then came forth and intreated his Excellency to dine with him, but hee ſtaid not having a long way to goe that night; they in the Caſtle are beſieged on every

Coblentz.

every side, before them are Cannons placed just by the Rivers side, behinde them are a great company of Horsemen called *Crabbats*, beyond them in a plaine great field, are other Horsemen and Footemen, and likewise in Islands in the *Rhine*, all watching that they cannot be relieved, they in the Towne, if they doe but looke out of their windowes, have a bullet presently presented at their heads, yet the Towne is somewhat the stronger for a River called the *Mosell*, which runneth along one side of the Towne into the *Rhine*, over which there did stand a faire Bridge, though part of it now be beaten downe, that there is no passage over, but have made a little lower on the *Mossell* a passage on Boates, to relieve the Towne, under the Castle there is a very beautifull house, which the *Emperour* gave to the *Elector* of *Tryer*, and hee resigned it to the *French*, whereupon the *Spaniard* besieged him, when he lay in a faire Castle on the *Mossell* called *Tryer*, and tooke him prisoner, and is prisoner now: as wee were departing from hence, the *French* gave us a brave vollie of shot as hath beene heard, with foure or five peeces of Ordnance, from hence up the *Rhine*, by *Lonstein* and *Branbach* two Townes on the left side, and *Capelle* a Castle on a Rocke on the other side, to *Boppart* a Towne on the same side, against which wee cast Anchor and lay aboard.

The first of May being Sunday, and their Whitsunday, we departed, passing by Villages shot downe, and by many pictures of our Saviour and the *Virgin Mary*, set up at the turnings of the water, untill we entered the Land of *Hesse*, where we still viewed pleasant Vines on the Mountaines, so by *Saint Goware*, and

by

by *Rhineſild's* Caſtle both on the right ſide, to *Catzenelbogon* Caſtle on the other ſide, then by *Oberweſell* on the right ſide; then begins the *Lower Palatinate*, ſo by *Caub* on the left ſide, which is the firſt Towne in the *Pfaltz*, and ſo to *Pfaltz* Caſtle, ſeated in a little Iland in the River, from hence to *Bacharach*, a Towne where we landed, it is ſeated on the right ſide of the *Rhine*, having a Caſtle on a high Rocke within the walls, and under that a Church, which is from the plaine ground 100. ſteps before one can come into it, heere the poore people are found dead with graſſe in their mouthes: from hence by a Village on the ſame ſide, in which none but Leapers are, being not farre off the Towne, and ſo to *Hambach* on the ſame ſide, by *Drechshauſen* on the other ſide, to *Armanſhauſen*, a Towne on the left ſide of the *Rhine*, againſt which we caſt Anchor and lay on Ship-board.

Bacharach.

The next morning departed hence, and then begun *Momiziſtzland*, ſo by a little Tower in the water, called *Mouſe Thour*, which one *Otto* a Biſhoppe of *Mentz*, having lived not well, being much troubled with Mice, built this, and lived in it, thinking there to be ſecure, but even thither they purſued him alſo, and eate him up: then by *Bingen*, a faire Towne on the right ſide, and by *Ehrenfels* Caſtle on the other ſide to *Rudeſhein*, a Towne on the left ſide of the *Rhine*, into which I entered, and did ſee poore people praying where dead bones were in a little old houſe, and here his Excellencie gave ſome reliefe to the poore which were almoſt ſtarved as it appeared by the violence they uſed to get it from one another: from thence by *Geiſenhem*, *Elfeld*, and *Walluff*, three Townes

on

on the left side of the River, and then we crossed over the *Rhine*, unto the other side.

Then to *Mentz* a great City seated close by the *Rhine* on the right side against which wee cast Anchor and lay on ship-board, for there was nothing in the Towne to relieve us, since it was taken by the *King of Sweden*, and miserably battered, there the *King of Bohemia* dyed, in a faire corner house towards the Rivers side, heere likewise the poore people were almost starved, and those that could relieve others before, now humbly begged to bee relieved, and after supper all had reliefe, sent from the Ship ashore, at the sight of which they strove so violently, that some of them fell into the *Rhine* and were like to have bin drowned. Mentz.

The next day being the third of *May*, from hence wee departed, leaving the *Rhine* halfe a league above the City on our right hand, and entered into a shallow River called the *Maine*, passing by a place which the King of *Sweden* was building for a Fort, but could not finish it, then by *Cassell*, on the left side, thence by *Flersheim* on the left side to *Russelsheim* on the right of the *Maine*, and then to the stately City of *Francfurt*, adjacent to the *Maine* on the left side, where we landed and lay: from *Collein* hither, all the Townes, Villages, and Castles bee battered, pillaged or burnt, and every place wee lay at on the *Rhine* on ship-board, we watched, taking every man his turne; heere wee staid foure daies, untill our carriages were made ready: where we saw the place wherein they keepe the *Dyet*, afterward entered into the Church called Saint *Bartholmews*, where the *Emperours* use to bee crowned and take their oath; the City is inhabited with *Lutherans* Francfurt.

and *Iewes*, for in the *Iewes Synagogue*, I entered in to see the manner of their service, which is an undecent way, making a hideous noise, having on their heads and about their neckes things called *Capouchins*, the women are not admitted into their *Synagogue*, but in places about. And on Sunday the seventh of *May*, by waggons through the City over two Bridges which are alwaies guarded with Souldiers, leaving the *Maine* on our left hand, from hence we tooke a Convoy of Musketiers along, being wee went through much danger, by *Offenbach*, *Selgenstat*, seated betweene us and the *Maine*, passing thus along through a great Forest in much danger, hearing the great Peeces so swiftly discharge off at *Hannaw*, which the *Swedes* subdu'd, and now besieged by the Emperors Forces, being not above three English miles off, then by a very great Mountaine two English miles long, all beset with Vines, untill we came at a poore little Village where wee staid and dined with provision of our owne, and after dinner departed, passing through Plaines untill wee came at the *Maine*, and there ferried over into a towne called *Klingenberg*, passing through this, we came to a very high hill the way up being all stone & 2. English miles up to the top, and then through a Wood, after we were past this, we came
Neunkirchen. to a poore little Village called *Neunkirchen*, where we found one house a burning when we came and not any body in the Village, heere we were constrained to tarry all night, for it grew very late, and no Towne neere by 4. English miles, spending the night in walking up and downe in feare, with Carrabines in our hands, because we heard Peeces discharg'd off in Woods about us, and with part of the coles of the consumed house

his

his Excellency had his meat rosted for supper, the next morning earely, his Excellency went to view the Church, which we found rifled with the pictures and Altars abused, in the Church-yard, we saw a dead body scraped out of the grave, in another place out of the Church-yard, there lay another dead body, into many of the houses wee entered, and found them all empty. From this miserable place we departed, and heard after, that they in the Village fled by reason of the sickneſſe, and set that house on fire at their departure, that Passengers might not be infected.

Then came we into *Wijrtzburg-land*, and descended downe another steep hill and there crossed over a little River call'd *Tauber*, and through *Keichelsheim*, to *Neubruim* a poore Village where wee dined, after dinner passing by the side of the *Maine*, and through Woods and Plaines, untill we came to *Wijrtzburg*, a faire City passing over a bridge first, standing over the *Maine* into the Towne, seated on the left side of the River, and a faire Castle opposite to the Towne on the other side, in which the Towne put all their riches when they heard the king of *Sweden* was comming, thinking there it would not be gain'd, but they hearing of it, surprised and pillaged it in 3. daies, and it was 3. or 4. moneths before the *Emperors* forces could regaine it, the next day earely departed, being the 10. of *May*, and entered *Marggrafen-land*, and to *Kiteingen* to diner, after diner, thence through *Ipza* a City, and so to *Marckbibrash*, where we lay all night on the plancher, for the Village was pillaged but the day before, earely the next morning wee went away and passed through *Neustade*, which hath beene a faire City, though now pillaged Wurtzburg. Marckbibrach.

and burnt miserably, heere we saw poore children sitting at their doores almost starv'd to death, to whom his Excellency gave order for to relieve them with meat and money to their Parents, from hence we went to *Eilfkirch'n* a poore Village where wee dined, with some reserv'd meat of our owne, for there was not any thing to be found, after diner, thence we passed by many Villages pillag'd and burnt down, and so into *Nurnberger-land*, passing through the place where the King of *Swedens* Leaguer lay, when the King of *Bohemia* was with him and my Lord *Craven*, and in sight of the place the *Emperors* Army had intrenched themselves by the side of a great wood, here the *King of Sweden* set upon poles alive three of his souldiers, for killing 2. of their Commanders, and flying presently to his Enemy, and at the end of a Battraile that was then fought, he tooke them prisoners, and so executed them, then drawing neere *Nurnburg* a great City seated in a Plaine, which the *King of Sweden* relieved at that time against the *Emperor*, being not above two English miles off, heere we passed by some of their workes before the Towne, and then entered the Gate into the City being very stately built, and one of the strongest in *Germany*, and so to his Excellencies lodging, the next day the Lords of the City came and visited his Excellency, here we staid 11 daies untill his Excellency had word for certain where the Emperor was, the most part of our time was spent in seeing of the rare things in the Towne, as a very brave *Magazine* wherein all their munition lieth, which the Governours of the towne shewed his Excellency, at our first entrance wee passed through a large Court where there lay on our left hand 4. great Cannons by

Noremberg.

the

the walles side, which were *6.* paces long, and 2. foote broad, and worke-houses there likewise, then entered we into a long roome where there hung on both sides armour for foot and horse, and then into the placé it selfe, where there were *6.* partitions each 28. paces long and *6.* broad, all full of brasse Peeces and other small ones of severall rare inventions, from hence we went to see a very rare water-worke which supplieth all the City, adjoyning close to the wall of the Towne, returning homewards, we entered into their great Church call'd the *Dome*, there his Excellency was shewed a very stately picture of the *Annunciation of the Virgin Mary*, which hung in the middle of the Quire, drawne up, which had not bin shewed to any in 18. yeeres before, and then return'd home, and the Lords with him, who supped with his Excellency, the next day they dined with him likewise, and after diner desired his Excellency to goe and take the aire in some of their Gardens without the City, which he did: the City is very strong being encompassed without the wals with bulwarkes and a mighty deepe and wide ditch, and within are many curiosities and stately buildings: the ancient men (called *Lords*) governe by turnes, not acknowledging any particular Prince their Soveraigne, but hold correspondency with all, for in the time of those great wars between the *Emperor* and the *King of Sweden*, they would resigne to the *Emperor* one while, and to the *K.* another, paying great taxes & impositions to their halfe undoing. Frō hence we departed May 22. being Sunday, for *Regenspurgh*, thinking there to meete with the *Emperor*, first passing through a part of the upper *Palatinate* to *Newmark*, Newmark, where we lay, seated in a plaine where the king of *Bohemia*

hemia had a houſe, which his Excellency viewed, adjoyning to the wall within the Towne, fortified with bulwarkes and pallizadoes, having ſpacious roomes and a faire Armory: early the next morning, from hence, by Churches demoliſhed to the ground, and through Woods in danger, underſtanding that Crabbats were lying heere about, untill we came at a poore little Village called *Hemmaw* where we ſtaied and dined, which hath beene pillaged eight and twenty times in two yeeres, and twice in one day, and they have there no water but that which they ſave when it raineth: after dinner, to *Etterſhanſen* a poore Village where we croſſed over a little River in Boates, the Bridge being burnt downe by the *Swedes* forces; from hence wee aſcended up a high hill, being deſcended downe, wee paſſed a long on an high banke, having the River *Danubius* on our right hand, and high Mountaines with Vines on our left, paſſing thus through ſeverall Villages beaten downe or burnt, untill we came at a round Fort before the Bridge which a guard kept, and ſo over it through a Tower in the middle ſtanding over the *Danuby*, which runneth with as ſwift a current as at *London* Bridge, dividing it ſelfe into ſeverall Ilands which have had howſes on them, but now burnt, and alſo houſes on the Arches which were demoliſhed likewiſe, then into the Citie *Regenſpurg* to his Excellencies lodging, the Citie hath bin taken by the *Swediſh* forces, and regained by the King of *Hungary*.

Regenſpurg.

The 25. day his Excellency went to take the ayre on the other ſide of the Towne, and as we went did ſee the ruines of many houſes and Churches, and one *Carthuſian* Monaſtery not ſo much ruinated as the reſt, in-

to which his Excellency entered to see the roomes wherein the King of *Hungary* did lie all the time hee was regaining of the Citie, being not above two English miles off it, and heere likewise the old Duke of *Bavaria*, this Dukes Father lived in a Cell for many yeers together, againe his Excellency went to take the ayre the 28. day, and entered into a Jesuites Monastery, in which there is one Altar dedicated to S. *George*; here his Excellency staied a weeke, and departed thence for *Lintz*, where the Emperour was, taking foure Boates and went downe the *Danow* thorough *Bavaria*, passing by a Castle called *Donastauff*, seated on a high Mountaine, with a Dorpe at the foote of it, adjoyning to the *Danubij* on the left side, and by *Werth* Castle on the same side, to *Straubingen* on the same side where we landed about eleuen at night and lay that night; the next morning from thence, still by many ruines to *Pegen* on the right side, at the foote of a very high Mountaine, and on the top of it a Church with a few houses about it; then by *Nuternberg* Castle seated on a high Mountaine on the right side of the River, and by *Deckendorff* on the other side, against which wee met with thirty horses fastened all to one rope drawing of sixe great boats which were going to *Regenspurg*, then by a Castle called *Tawrino* seated on a high Mountaine, and below at the bottome is a Towne walled round, called *Overwinter* on the left side, and so to *Vilshoven*, a towne on the right of the *Danuby* where wee landed and lay that night. The next morning as his Excellency was taking Boate, he spied a poore Boy standing among other poore people begging for reliefe, who looked very strangely and could neither speake nor heare, but a little

Strawbingen.

Vilshoven.

little at his mouth and nose, having neither eares nor passage to heare with, and his face very thin & drawne aside, yet when one hallowed hee heard and answered againe with a noise, there was with him his sister, a pretty girle, who when one spake to him, made him understand by signes, these two his Excellency tooke along with him in his Boate to a City called *Passaw* seated on the right side of the *Danuby*, where we landed & lay, and there comman ded to have new clothes made for them & gave them monie and sent them home to their freinds, and a little before we came thither, endeth *Bavaria*; this Citie is seated very sweetly, having 3. rivers running neere it, the *Danuby* which is of a green color, incompasseth it of one side, and a swift river called *Inn*, on the other side, which commeth out of *Italy*, and is of a white color, the third is *Ilze*, which is very blacke, and commeth out of *Bohemia*, and both runne into the *Danuby* at the end of the towne, the next day his Excellency went to view a *Capuchine* Monastery, seated very pleasantly on a high hill, neere unto the Towne, first we passed over a bridge made of little rafts which standeth over the river *Inn*, and so through *Instadt*, and then ascended up the hill upon which the Monastery stands, and then entered into the Chappell called our *Ladies Chappell*, being built in the yeere 1636. where we saw a neat Altar, and a picture of the *Virgin Maries* set up in the Altar, and many fine reliques, left there of those that are said to have been healed of severall diseases, comming but thither to doe their Devotion, and returned thence sound, from hence we descended to another Chappell at the bottome of the hill, passing downe 274. steps, being set in order, 10. and 11. together.

And

and as much plaine ground as containeth the steps thorow out the whole descent, and in the middle of the descent is a Crucifix, at which one daily sits to receive the almes of charitable people, which Crucifix one rude person passing by, strucke it, and fell downe dead and never revived, as these *Capuchines* related, and then returned. And opposite to the citie on the other side of the *Danuby* on a very high rocke is seated a strong Castle which cannot be scaled, called *Festingoverhouse*, commanding all the Townes and Monasteries; at the foot of this is another strong built Fort, by which the river *Ilze* falleth into the *Danuby*, betweene the towne *Ilze* and this: the citie is governed by *Leopoldus* the Emperours second sonne, who is Bishop of it; here we stayed three dayes, and departed the fourth of Iune, and entred into upper *Austria*, passing by *Schaumberg* castle on the left side of the river, and by *Effertingen* on the other side, and *Wilhering* Monastery on the same side, to *Lintz* where the Emperour was, who sent to receive his Excellence at his landing the Count of *Harrack*, Marshall of the Court, with some other Courtiers; after his gratulation with his Excellence, there came ten or twelve coaches, which waited on his Excellence to his lodging which the Emperour had provided, and then returned. Presently after came the Count *Megaw*, high Steward to the Emperour, to visit his Excellence; and the next day Count *Mansfelt* Captaine of the Foot-Guard to visit his Excellence, and after him Father *Lemmarman*, his Majesties Confessour. *Lintz.*

The sixth of Iune, being the second day after wee came, his Excellence had audience of the Emperour

and Empreſſe, who ſent their coaches for us; being come to his palace, which is ſeated on a hill, we went up foure aſcents of ſtaires, the Guard ſtanding on each ſide of us, with halberds and carrabines in their hands, paſſing thus thorow roomes, untill wee came at the doore of the chamber in which the Emperour was, and when his Excellence came at the doore, out came the little Count of *Kezell*, high Chamberlaine to his Majeſtie, and brought in his Excellence, and then withdrew and ſhut the doore after him, that none might enter in: after his Excellence had beene within a while, we were all admitted, and kiſſed his Majeſties hand, and then withdrew, and paſſed thorow other roomes and a gallerie, where the Guard ſtood in like manner, to the Empreſſes chamber, where none might enter neither, ſtealing a ſight of her as wee ſtood, and then returned.

The eighth day his Excellence had his ſecond audience of the Emperour, as private as the firſt: and the tenth day audience againe of the Empreſſe, and then wee were admitted to kiſſe her hand: the ſame day there were ſeven men beheaded which were Rebels, for riſing up in armes with foure hundred other Boores againſt the Emperour: the firſt that was executed, was ſaid to be one that had inchanted himſelfe, that no bullet could hurt him, and the onely ſeducer of the others: after he was upon the ſcaffold and his face covered, two men held him faſt to the blocke, then came the Executioner with a red hot paire of pincers, and violently clapt hold of both his breſts, that done, nailed his right hand faſt to the blocke, and chopt it off, then preſently whipt out his ſword from his

his side, and cut off his head, one of the hangmen presently tooke it up, and cryed at the eares of the head, *Iesus, Iesus*; then the Iesuite which came a long with him admonishing of him, desired everie one to joyne in prayers with him for him; then came the other, and a Boy which was beheaded likewise, all making their private confessions to Priests, at the foot of the scaffold, having a Crucifix in their hand, kissing their hands & feet at the end of everie prayer: After all those men were beheaded, and quartered, there went two of their confederates a foot to bee hanged about an English mile off, to a place where a Priest of theirs hung upon a pole, and his head on the top, which was taken in a Church a yeere before called *Ering*, which we afterward passed by.

The twelfth day being Sunday, the Emperour, Empresse, and the Arch-Dutchesse, dined at the Iesuites College; but before, they heard Masse in their Church, and after dinner a play was presented to them by the house, and some young schollers, consisting of many varieties. The fifteenth day his Excellencie dined at the Count *Megaws*, and was nobly entertained: the sixteenth day as we were at dinner, there came a mightie clap of thunder and lightning, which burnt downe three houses presently, being not above an English mile off, on the other side of the water, and such accidents happen here often, by reason all their houses be covered with thin boord, in the manner of tile; and about foure of the clocke in the after-noone, his Excellence had audience the third time, and we all invited to a *Balto*, by the Empresses command, to the Count *Slavataes*, who is Chancellour of *Prague*, where

all the Ladies assembled, and there spent the time in dancing: in *Moravia* not farre from this place, there was a Baron whose name was *Rabell*, having a wife, which couple had beene married fortie yeeres together, and had many children, and when he was eightie two yeeres old, and his wife seventie five, she conceived and brought him forth two children at a birth, a sonne and a daughter, which children lived a yeere and died, and then presently after their parents both died, and was buried in S. *Michaels* Church, a Church of the *Dominicans* in *Brune*, a towne in *Moravia*: this storie was related to us by a Priest of the Empresses for certaine; here his Excellence stayed nineteene dayes, and all the time at the Emperours charge, and served by his Majesties servants, in as much state as he himselfe; at the first course the Drums beat up, and at the second, musike with voyces.

From hence we tooke boat for *Vienna*, the three and twentieth day of Iune, passing downe the swift river *Danuby*, neere the Church called *Ering*, wherein the Boores assembled and chose that Priest, who was taken and executed as afore-mentioned, so by a faire castle called *Spiulbarke*, where the Duke of *Bavaria* makes his Toll-place seated on the left side of the river, then by *Markhawsen* on the same side, by *Walzig* a faire castle seated on the other side on a high hill, and the towne at the foot a little beyond, so by another faire castle called *Crayne*, seated on a high rocke close by the *Danuby*, on the left side, the towne at the foot of it, both belonging to the Count *Megaw*: then thorow a place in the water called the *Struddell*, where it runneth very swift, with a great fall amongst the rockes,

and

and dangerous to passe, having no more space than the breadth of a boar, which if it toucheth, breakes into many peeces, and over this place on a high rocke, is a Crosse set up, having past this danger, just by on the left side of the River is an old Chappell called S. *Nicolas*, out of which came two men with his picture in a box, to receive an accustomed reward due from those which passe by safe: from hence by a faire castle called *Besinboe*, seated on the same side on a rocke, and by *Pekelem* on the same side, then by *Wednick* castle seated on a rocke on the left side, with a village beneath it, so by a castle and monasterie encircled with a wall, seated on a verie high rocke called *Milke*, and the towne at the foot of the rocke along by the *Danuby* on the right side, part of it burnt by an accident when the King of *Hungary* was in it, and by *Sable* castle on a high rocke on the same side, with a faire banquetting house, which belongeth to the Grave *Sturbutz*; and a little further on the same side, is another banquetting-house, called the Devils banquetting-house, by reason of many apparitions there seene. Then to a little poore Dorp called *Aspagh* on the left side of the *Danuby*, where wee went a shore and lay that night. *Aspagh.*

Earely the next morning, being the foure and twentieth day, we went up the river by a castle called the *Spitz*, seated on the same side, so by *Stiringsteine*, a faire towne on a rocke adjoyning to the river on the same side, with a ruinated castle over the towne on a hill, with rocks on both sides, which are the Grave *Van Seldingz*: then by another faire towne seated on the same side called *Stine*, from which there standeth a

bridge over the *Danuby* made of rafts, having thirtie seven arches, under which wee passed, and at the end of it, opposite to the towne is a monasterie with many faire houses belonging to it, and behinde this is another stately built monasterie, called *Kitne*, seated on a hill: from this an Englisch mile distance, with a delightfull prospect, just by are two other faire townes, the one *Crempz*, and the other *Winsell*, seated both on the left side of the *Danuby* in a plaine, which three townes are within the compasse of an Englisch mile; then by *Talnie* a towne on the other side, which is the oldest towne in all the Empire, against which wee lay a while and dined on ship-boord: after dinner wee entred into lower *Austria*, and went by an old castle called *Griffopsteine*, seated on a rocke on the same side, in which all Priests that offend are imprisoned and tried.

Then a Dutch mile further, on the left side, the *Danubius* runneth out to a faire Towne called *Corny-brough*, seated an Englisch mile off in a Plaine with faire Monasteries therein, then on the other side of the river is *Cloysternybrough*, full of Cloysters and Monasteries; so by *Nustorffe* on the same side, from whence we discovered *Vienna*, seated in a Plaine, then left the *Danu*, which divides its selfe into seven all branches and meet beyond the Towne, and runs thorow *Hungary* into the blacke Sea, and went up in an arme of it to the Citie, where wee landed, seated on the right side of the *Danu*, which is very well fortified round the wals, besides a compleat Regiment of 1500 men alwayes ready in armes, part watching at everie gate, some about the Emperours palace, others about the

the place where the Iewes keep their shops in the Citie, for they are not suffered to lye in the Towne a night, but constrained to keepe within a place on the other side of the River opposite to the Citie, which they have built, and is called the Iewes Burg; for if any one be found all night in the Towne, he is miserably punished, if not put to death: there are likewise 7000 Burgers in the citie, which are to be in armes at an houres warning.

The next day being Sunday, his Excellence had audience of the Queene of *Hungary* and the Arch-Duke *Leopoldus*, the Emperours second sonne, being the 26. day, and nothing wee saw note-worthy at his palace, but a spacious Court-yard: the next day againe his Excellence went to see the Dukes lodging, where we saw onely a few pictures; from hence he went to severall houses of the Iesuites, the first was a University, where was presented to his Excellence a kinde of Comedy by young Schollers in masking attire, and one of the house playing on an instrument like a Virginall, severall kindes of musicke; after that, a banquet brought in by the Actors: this ended, we went to the second house called the Probation-house, where none but young men are, about fiftie in number, there to be tried whether they may bee made capable of holy orders: thence to the third house, called the Profest-house, where none but the ancient Fathers are, where as soon as his Excellence entred, an oration was made to him by one of the chiefe, & after viewed the house and Church, in which there was an hymne sung by their best singers, with very sweet musicke, and they have an organ of five thousand pipes. From hence

wee

wee returned home to our lodging, where there came presently after the Prince of *Ducardius* to visit his Excellence.

The eight and twentieth day his Excellence went to see a garden of the Emperours about a Dutch mile off, called *Nigebath*, upon which place the Turke once intrenched himselfe, when hee would have taken *Vienna*, and was then two hundred thousand men strong, in the Emperour *Rodolphus* his time, and after they were driven out of the countrey, the Emperour built this on their works for a memoriall, the garden is almost foure-square, encircled with a strong stone wall, and at every corner a faire Tower, and in the middle two, with three partitions in everie one, and the tops covered with brasse, round within the wall is a walke for two to goe a brest, covered with brasse, and underset thicke with pillars of stone: then returned wee to another very stately large garden of the Empresses neere unto the citie, called her *Favorita*, having severall small gardens adjoyning to it and a faire house: the next day his Excellence went to see the Queene againe, and the two Princes her Sonne and Daughter, here we staid a weeke, and departed the first of July by waggons for *Prague*, passing first over three long bridges handing over severall branches of the *Danubins:* so by the wals of *Cornyburgh* the towne aforementioned, to *Stackay* a poore village where wee dined, after dinner by *Kilderſdorf* to *Holebrum* a poore village, where wee lay all night on the straw, having travelled seven Dutch miles, and every Dutch mile is foure English, where six and twentie houses were burnt that day fortnight wee came, by thunder and lightning,

Holebrum.

lightning, the next day early from hence passing thorow plaines and corne-fields which were a reaping, we came to *Kudordorp*, where *Moravia* begins in a great plaine, where two stones are set in the ground, dividing Lower *Austria* and *Moravia*, then past we thorow *Colendorp* the first towne in *Moravia*, and by a Crosse standing in a plaine not neere any towne, with many graves about it, then to *Swamb* a prettie towne where we dined, having past that fore-noone in danger neere a great company of Crabats, who were thereabouts, who frighted the towne: for when his Excellencies Harbenger entred the gates an houre before us, they were all shutting up of their shops, and running out to defend the towne. After dinner thorow most plaines and corne-fields which were a reaping, untill wee came at *Bodewich*, a poore village, where wee lay on the plancher, and travelled that day seven Dutch miles. *Swamb.* *Bodewich.*

The next day being Sunday, and the third of Iuly, we stayed there untill dinner, and thence thorow part of a wood called *Hertz-waldt*, on a causey two English miles long, the wood being three hundred miles in length (as we were credibly informed) passing thorow we saw severall fires in it, & many strange things are likewise seene, and so by *Bernetz*, a little towne at the end of the wood, to *Iglo*, a beautifull built towne seated on a little hill, where we lay that night, having gone foure Dutch miles and an halfe. Earely the next morning from thence passing over a River at the end of the towne, which parteth *Moravia* and *Bohemia*, and then thorow *Stickey* the first towne in *Bohemia*, so thorow *Haybeireitz* a village, in which an Oast killed at se- *Iglo.*

verall times of his guests ninetie men, and made meat of them, so to *Datchbrade* a towne where wee dined, and then departed, passing thorow a plaine wooddie countrey to *Holebrum*, where we lay that night on the plancher, which was a most fearefull night of thunder and lightning, having travelled seven Dutch miles.

The next morning wee departed, and went thorow a wooddie countrey againe, and thorow a towne
Shasshaw. called *Shasshaw* where in the street we passed thorow, lieth buried the body of one *Iohn Ziska*, who made war against the Emperour *Rodolphus*, in the defence of his deere friend *Iohn Hus*, who died a Martyr: this *Iohn Ziska* in all his wars was a victor, and when hee was blinde desired to bee carried up and downe the wars, and at his death commanded that a Drum might be made of his skin, which was done, and whersoever that was, they subdued likewise; then by a silver Mine of the King of *Hungaries*, which was by the way side on a little hill, into which wee entred to see their works, the oare being two hundred and fiftie fathom deepe, and behinde this place is a citie called *Ketenburgh*, which wee left two English miles of our left hand, and thence to *Colen* two English miles off likewise where we dined; about part of the towne runs the River *Elbe*: after dinner we past thorow a plaine
Bemisshbrade. countrey to *Bemisshbrade*, where wee lay on the plancher againe, having travelled eight Dutch miles, which hath beene a faire built towne, and very pleasantly seated, but now burnt almost downe by a Carpenter, when the Emperour was in it, and since been pillaged twice, by the Swedish, and the Duke of *Bavaria* his forces.

The

The next morning earely, being the sixth of Iuly, from thence to *Prague* to dinner, being five Dutch miles, passing first thorow very pleasant plaines and meddowes, vntill we came neere the citie, which is encompassed on both sides with rocks and hils, all planted with vines, having three townes belonging to it, *Newstadt*, *Oldstadt*, and the *Slostadt*; at *Newstadt* wee entred in at a faire gate, passing thorow into *Oldstadt*, to his Excellencies lodging, which said *Stadt* is inhabited chiefly by Iewes, who have there foure Synagogues, and in one I saw there a Rabbi circumcise a child, here we were told that all their fruits in the further parts of the countrey were spoyled, as corne, vineyards, and the like, by the aforesaid thunder and lightning, with hailestones as big as ones fist, and also divers cattell were then lost: betweene this and the *Slostadt* runneth a pleasant river called the *Muldow*, and over it standeth a faire Bridge of stone, as long as *London* Bridge, over which his Excellencie passed, going to view the Castle, being a stately large built Fort, seated on a high hill within the *Slostadt*, called *Ketschin*, in which the King of *Bohemia* lived: first wee passed thorow three faire Court-yards, having at one of the gates a guard of Souldiers, in which Court-yard there is a statue of S. *George* on horse-backe in brasse, and a fountaine, then entred we into a spacious hall, having many faire shops in it like unto *Westminster*, but that their Courts of Iudicature are in other roomes by it: from hence wee went up and passed thorow many faire roomes well hung, and pictures in them, and one roome furnished with English pictures of our Nobilitie, which the King of *Bohemia* was forced to leave, *Prague.*

passing thus untill wee came at one roome two stories high, which was their Councell-chamber, where the *Bohemians* being sat at Councell, and three of the Emperours Councell with them, there rose a mutiny, insomuch that they threw them three out on the ground, which was fiftie five foot high, and shot pistols after them, yet none of them killed, and two of them still alive, and upon that ground they fell on, are set set up three gilt crosses: then went we downe into a stately lower roome, which used to bee their masking roome, upholden with severall faire pillars, in the middle, and statues of brasse placed by them; by the wals hang pictures of Indian horses which were there then; adjoyning to this is a large dining roome, having a table in it of Mozaique worke, and musicke within it not to be discerned, then at the end of this roome is a little place where choyce armour is, and one Piece which I saw shot off a bullet, not having any powder in it: then into the *Schant-kamber*, where the treasure was, and a most noble collection of the Emperour *Rodolphus*.

In the first roome was cup-boords placed in the wals on our right hand; the first was of corall; the second, of Purslaine; the third, of mother of pearle; the fourth, of curious brasse-plates engraven; the fifth and sixth, Mathematicall Instruments; the seventh, Basons, Ewers, and cups of Amber; the eighth, cups of Aggets, Gold and Chrystall; the ninth of rocks; the tenth, of Mozaique worke in stone; the eleventh, cups of Ivorie, and a great Unicornes horne a yard in length; the twelfth, of imbossing worke; the thirteenth, of Brasse pictures; the foureteenth, of antick

things

things cast in silver; the fifteenth, cabinets of *Bohemia* Diamonds, and little chests of *Bohemia* pearle; the sixteenth, things belonging to Astronomy; the seventeenth and eighteenth, Indian worke; the nineteenth, Turkey-worke; the twentieth, of a lively statue of a woman covered with taffatie. Then in the middle of the roome are rare clocks of all kinds; the first was like a globe with musike; the second was set round about the middle with little pillars, and a bullet running round in a cresse out and in, and over it hung two little cords, which being puld, wee heard sweet musike, but could not discerne from whence it was; the third had a faire lively face and hand looking out, and musike with voyces singing, not to be discovered; the fourth, a close clocke, and by it a faire table of Mozaique worke; the fifth, with foure ascents set severally with pillars, and a bullet running round in a cresse up to the top, playing with musike; the sixth, like the top of a globe, the gold coloured like a green field, and a Bucke running round in and out, and hounds after making a noyse, and beneath musike, and Anticks, dancing in a round within it; the seventh, a clocke with a globe: by the wals on the other side anticke things set up, and pictures, together with a steele chaire very curiously wrought and cut thorow. Then entred wee into another little closet, wherein were more cabbins placed in the wals on the same side, of presents sent to the Emperour, as gilt helmets and head-peeces, and statues.

In the third roome, foure cup-boords in the wals full of rare pictures, and in the middle of the roome anticke things, as a Bore rough cast to the life, and a

ſtatue of a ſtrong Maid to the life, who went to war, and a preſſe of ancient bookes. The fourth roome, three cup-boords full of the Anatomies of ſeverall rarities, as Cockatrices, and fiſhes part reſembling men; and the fourth cup-boord of rare great ſhels; the fifth, of fine diſhes; the ſixth, of all kinde of little ſhels, and a Librarie, with one mightie great booke *in folio*, written by a Fryar in a dungeon, who was there put in, upon ſome hainous offence there to ſuffer, and fortie yeeres after diſcovered by ſome Fryars going neere, hearing a noyſe, had ſearch made, and found him, who brought forth this booke, conſiſting of the old and new Teſtament, and many ſtrange hiſtories, which hee was all that time a writing, and aſſiſted by the Devill (as he conceived) and ſpake very little more before he died.

Here is likewiſe all the skins of thoſe Indian horſes, whoſe pictures hung up in the masking roome: then did wee enter into a large Church, ſtanding neere about the middle of the Caſtle, where about the Quire are cut in wood many fine things, and a tombe of the Queenes Confeſſour, called *Iohan. Nepomews*, who was miſerably tortured by *Wenceſlaus* the fourth King of *Bohemia*, to reveale her Majeſties confeſſion, and at laſt put to death by him, *Anno Dom.* 1383, from hence his Excellencie went to view a garden behind the caſtle within the wall, where wee went in a walke covered arbour-like, halfe an Engliſh mile long, untill we came at a ſtately old building, with walkes round the houſe, and ſet thicke with pillars and likewiſe on the top of the houſe, with a delightfull proſpect over all the citie, and then his Excellencie returned backe to

the

the Keepers house, and there dined, having sent provision before: dinner being past, his Excellencie went to see a Parke two English miles off the Citie, in which there is a Friarie of white Friars, who were leaping then in the Parke, as wee passed by to see a great beast called a Buffule, which is kept there, and then returned home by *Wallensteines* new house, into which his Excellencie entred to view it, first passing thorow a large hall of eight and thirtie paces, or more in length, and one and twentie in breadth, we went up thorow galleries having pictures hung up, and painted on the wals with stories of *Hercules*, above head divers stories of *Ovid*; then to the Audience-roome, where the foure elements are in the middle above head, and thorow other faire chambers; then downe into the garden, where there are five fountaines, and great figures of brasse placed on them, and on the great fountaine *Neptune*, with foure Nymphs about him, and a faire *Grott-house*, but the waters run not; then into the stable, being curiously built, where six and twentie horses may stand, the pillars and manger all of red marble, and thirtie eight in number, and each pillar cost twentie five pounds, there are foure Court-yards which encompasseth the house, which is now the King of *Hungaries*.

This *Wallensteine* was sole Commander of the Empire, under the Emperour, and grew so great, which caused his Majestie to be jealous of him, as he had just cause considering his plots which hee had laid against the Crowne; but to prevent the worst, privately tooke order with some of his Irish Captaines, who were appointed to keepe watch of him that night, to

cut

cut him off, which was effected in the evening, preſſing on the ſudden into his chamber found him onely in his ſhirt, and ſaid, *Live Ferdinande, but dye traytour Wallenſteine*; at which he opened his armes and cried, *Oh my God*, embracing the ſtabs of the halberds, which done, they cut off his head, and preſently poſted to the Emperour with it, who gave them great rewards, and they ſtill continue much in his favour.

The next day his Excellence was invited to a play at the Ieſuites College, where the *Senior* of the houſe is an Iriſh man, and there entertained Prince-like; firſt, an oration by a young Scholler, then paſſing downe by a Guard of Souldiers, who diſcharged their muskets: his Excellence being paſt to the roome where the Comedy was acted, which action did pleaſe exceedingly, not onely in reſpect of ſubſtance, but alſo for the goodneſſe of the action and ſeverall habits, in number more than fiftie, the chiefe part were young Schollers, and divers of them Barons ſons, and being ended, deſired to kiſſe his Excellencies hand kneeling, in teſtimony of his approbation. And here is the argument annexed in the page following.

Pax in *Anglia*, diu exul in *Germaniam* postliminio reditura.

Drama,

Cum Illustrissimus & Excellentissimus Thomas Howardus, Arundelliæ & Surriæ *Comes, & Potentissimi Caroli Magnæ* Britanniæ *Regis ad Augustissimum Imperatorem* Ferdinandum *secundum, & Imperii Principes Legatus Extraordinarius, Collegium Societatis Iesu inviserit, a Collegii studiosis datum* Pragæ, 1636.

Prologus.

Mercurii *famulus in theatro apparando occupatus, in parvos pueros incidit Regis Angliæ Legatum videre cupidos: negat ex theatro spectari posse nisi adventum ei gratulentur, cum Latine per ætatem tenellam non possint, diverso Idiomate vernaculo id præstent.*

Pars prima.

Scena prima.

Mercurius *Deos Deasque, proprio quemque comitatu, & schemate, ad concilium venientes excipit, & loca distribuit.*

Scena secunda.

Astræa *apud* Iovem *Deosque de mortalium sceleribus queritur.* Iupiter *auditis sententiis, orbem* Marti, Vulcanoque *puniendum tradit.*

Scena tertia.

Pax *desolata quærit locum ubi* Martis *furorem declinet,* Neptunus *in* Angliam *marina concha eam vehit.*

Scena quarta.

Mars *globum terræ in varias partes dividit, &* Bellonæ *furori cæterisque affectis distribuit.*

Pars secunda.

Scena prima.

Ceres, Apollo, *&* Bacchus *deplorant apud* Iovem, *illam quam a* Marte *patiantur calamitatem:* Iupiter *ad* Neptunum *eos destinat.*

Scena secunda.

Neptunus *se* Carolo Britanniæ *Regi maris imperium commisisse nunciat, illum adeant pro pace orbi reddenda.*

Scena tertia.

Mercurius *bene sperare* Cererem *&* Phœbum *jubet,* Carolum *Regem* Pacem *brevi reducturam per Legatum* Howardum Arundelliæ *Comitem: pristinis sedibus se restituendam.* Pax *asserit: gratulantur sibi omnes, &* Howardo *applaudunt.*

Epilogus

Ad Gentilicia Howardicæ *Familiæ Symbola alludens felicia omnia Legato & apprecatur & ominatur, & eum veneratur, suo & omnium nomine gratias agit.*

Plaudite.

Peace is in England, *which having beene a long while exiled, and given over as gone, is now about to returne into* Germany.

A Masque

When the most Illustrious and most Excellent, *Thomas Howard* Earle of *Arundell* and *Surrey*, Extraordinarie Ambassadour from his Puissant Majestie of Great *Britaine*, to the most August Emperour *Ferdinand* the Second, and to the rest of the Princes of *Germany*, came to visit the Iesuites College, presented by the Students at *Prague*, 1636.

The Prologue.

Mercuries servant imployed about making ready of the Theatre, fals upon little children, who would faine see the Ambassadour of the King of *England*: he tels them that they cannot see him in the Theatre, unlesse they will congratulate his comming: whom when by reason of their tender age they cannot salute in Latine, they doe performe it in their native language in a differing Idiome.

The first Part.

The first Scene.

Mercury entertaines the Gods and Goddesses with their severall attendants, in a proper habit, comming to Councell, and appoints to every one their places.

The second Scene.

Astræa complaines to *Iupiter* and the rest of the Gods of the crimes of men. *Iupiter* having heard their opinions, delivers over the world to be punished by *Mars* and *Vulcan*.

The third Scene.

Peace now forlorne seeks out for a place where she may secure herselfe from the fury of *Mars*. *Neptune* carries her over into *England* in a sea-shell.

The fourth Scene.

Mars divides the globe of the earth into divers parts, and distributes them to the furie of *Bellona* and his other agents.

The second Part.

The first Scene.

Ceres, *Apollo*, and *Bacchus* bewaile before *Iupiter* the calamitie which they suffer from *Mars*: *Iupiter* sends them unto *Neptune*.

The second Scene.

Neptune tels them that hee hath committed the Imperiall government of the sea to *Charles* King of Great *Britaine*, and that they must make suit to him to restore peace unto the world.

The third Scene.

Mercury bids *Ceres* and *Apollo* to be of good cheere, and wils them not to doubt, but that King *Charles* will shortly by his Ambassadour *Howard* Earle of *Arundle*, reduce *Peace*. *Peace* affirmeth that shee shall be resto-

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red to her former dwellings, they doe all gratulate one another, and give their acclamations to *Howard*.

The Epilogue

Alluding to the Armes of the Houſe of the *Howards*, both wiſh and preſage all happineſſe to the Ambaſſadour, and having made obeyſance to him, give him thanks for himſelfe, and for all the reſt.

§ Here we ſtayed ſeven dayes, and departed the thirteenth of Iuly for *Regenſpurg* by waggons, over the plaine where the great battell was fought, betweene the Emperour and the King of *Bohemia*, not above two Engliſh miles from the citie, there wee did obſerve many places in the ground, wherein the dead bodies were put, and a great company of bones lying by on a heape, where were ſlaine in all on both ſides about thirtie thouſand: from thence thorow a plaine corne countrey, to a little towne three Dutch miles from *Prague*, called *Beroum*, where wee lay, which towne hath beene burnt by the Duke of *Saxon* his forces. The next morning earely wee went thorow plaine corne-fields and meddowes, untill we came to *Mauth*, a poore village where we dined: from thence thorow woods, and by poore villages burnt, to a prettie towne called *Pilſen*, where we lay that night, having travelled ſeven Dutch miles, it is ſeated in a plaine,

with three little rivers running by it, as *Miſen*, *Glatow*, and *Pilſen*, taking the name from the towne.

The next morning thorow a wooddie countrey and corne-fields to *Swabe* to dinner; after dinner to *Biſhopſteine* to bed, having this day travelled but foure Dutch miles, in which the Count *Dorfmaſtaff* hath a little caſtle pleaſantly ſeated, and the river *Igree* running about part of it, the towne was never pillaged as yet. Earely the next morning from thence paſſing thorow a very ſtony hill, and a wood foure Engliſh miles in length, called *Bemer-waldt*, wherein about the middeſt there is a *Schans*, in which Count *Mansfelt* and his Armie lay two moneths, at which *Schans* the upper *Palatinate* begins. Then to *Waldminiken*, a little towne to dinner, the firſt in the upper *Palatinate*; and the Oaſt of the houſe did ſerve Count *Mansfelt* as Ancient at that time: after dinner thorow a wooddie poore countrey to *Redtz* a little towne where we lay that night, having travelled ſix Dutch miles.

Biſhopſteine.

The ſeventeenth day being Sunday, early we departed, paſſing thorow great woods, in danger of the Crabats lying thereabouts, and carried out of our way by by chance through an ignorant guide, untill we came to *Bruke*, a towne miſerably ruinated, ſeated pleaſantly in a plaine, where there was not above foure poore houſholds remaining: not long ſince it was in great proſperitie; for when wee were a little paſt the towne, there was a gallowes and ſcaffold by the way, whereon the Burgers of the towne ſuffered, and many hanging ſtill, who were *Lutherans*: then to a towne called *Nettenow* to dinner, and from thence after dinner to *Regenſpurg*, having travelled ſeven

ven Dutch miles this day, passing first thorow many pleasant places of landskips, and over the river *Regen*, (which runneth into the *Danuby* just by the citie) passing over on rafters, the bridge being beaten downe then with the other former batteries: between *Vienna* and this place, are many faire built townes promising much, by reason of their severall *Piazzo's*, or Market-places and Fountaines, with other such expressions, but entring the houses, scarse finde men, lodging, or people of understanding to exchange discourse with. The next day after his Excellence came hither, the Ambassadour of the Elector of *Brandenburg* visited him; and the day after his Excellence visited him againe; here his Excellence stayed but foure dayes, because the Emperour was not come, and departed for *Augusta*, on Thursday the one and twentieth of July, and dined that day at *Sall*, a small towne on the *Danuby*, thence thorow *Bavaria* to *Augsburg*, a verie fine towne standing on the river *Volga*, which a little before fals into the *Danuby*, and thence that night to *Neistadt*, a faire towne ten miles from *Regenspurg*, where his Excellence lay that night. *Regenspurg*

Next day earely passing thorow a fine wooddie countrey to *Bezanzon*, where my Lady Abbesse gave his Excellence a banquet, from thence after dinner to *Palermo*, a stately towne, and there lay that night, having travelled seven Dutch miles. Saturday being the three and twentieth of July, we departed for *Augusta*, passing thorow part of *Tiroll* to *Mumantia*, burnt some two yeeres since by Generall *Cleandor*, one of the King of *Swedens* Colonels; and from thence to *Dole*, which hath been a verie pleasant situated towne, standing *Palermo.*

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ding on the brow of a hill, from whence at the distance of three Englisſh miles we beheld *Auguſta*, which towne of *Dole* was alſo with *Bezanzon* burnt by Colonell *Cleandor* two yeeres ſince, paſſing thorow this towne, we deſcended into a goodly valley, but ere we gat into it, went over a ſmall arme of the river *Tanais*, (which encompaſſeth *Auguſta* on the Weſt, as the river *Vindilicorum* doth on the Eaſt) paſſing this valley, which is the more famous, in reſpect at the upper end of it was fought the great battell of *Pharſalia*, between *Pompey* & *Iulius Cæſar*, from whence it takes the name of the Plaine of *Pharſalia*: drawing neere *Auguſta*, we paſſed over five bridges ſtanding over the river *Vindilicorum*, which is divided into ſo many branches ſo running with ſo many Bulwarks: the river water is of an excellent greene colour, which is cauſed (as they ſay) running out of Copperas mines, which are in the mountaines of *Dalmatia*, from whence it ſprings, taking its name from *Vindix* a famous Captaine, who firſt rebelled againſt *Nero*, paſſing over all theſe bridges, we entred the outer towne, which is well built, and ſo in at a broad port thorow the high ſtreet to his Excellences lodging, that day and the next was ſpent in ſeeing pictures: Munday being the five and twentieth day, his Excellence went to ſee the Stadt-houſe. Firſt you muſt underſtand it to bee a ſquare pile, of at leaſt one hundred foot ſquare; in the middeſt againſt the ſtreet, yee enter by a large paire of ſtaires of thirteene ſteps, into a ſtately lower roome ſupported by twelve Calcidonian pillars, oppoſite to which againſt the wals ſtand the images of the firſt *Cæſars*, which becauſe they were written under,

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I will mention as first, *Augustus* the City Founder, from whence it takes the name, then *Tiberius*, *Nero*, *Sergius*, *Andronicus*, *Meleager*, *Themistocles*, *Lysimachus*, *Orion*, *Phœbus*, *Enobarbus*, and *Barbarossa*, over it in another roome which to come to, wee passed up six and thirty staires which as the other was supported by twelve Pillars of Corinthian worke and Jasper stone, in which is painted to the life (which they say, was done by *Apelles* and *Michael Angelo*, the one the master the other the man) are the Images of *Lycurgus*, *Zeno*, *Aristocrates*, *Aristides*, *Agathocles*, *Phocion*, *Anaxagoras*, the first Triumvirat of Rome, thence by thirty steppes more into the State-house it selfe, which is a most curious peece of Worke, without Pillers, peeced with *Onyx* and *Smarage*, two excellent kindes of *Marble*, found in the *Teneriffe* a mountaine of *Tiroll*, it is about the Walles painted with the Stories of all the gods, painted by *Raphael Urbine*, some twelve yeeres since, against this State-house stands a goodly Fountaine in the middle on a Pedastall of Brasse, the Statue of *Augustus* environed with all the gods and goddesses to the number of forty in Brasse in *Polonian* Cassockes and *Turkish* Scymiters by their sides, in the middest of the high street is another of *Mercurie*, and at the farther end *Hercules* in a Lions skinne killing of *Hydra* with his seventy heads all in Brasse, which as soone as he strikes off one head, two ariseth in the place, there are besides in this Towne many other rare things, as an Arsenall brave

Monasteries Fugger house, water workes most innumerable and admirable rare and curious buildings and what not to delight the eye, heere his Excellency staied a weeke. And thence on Sunday, hearing the Emperour was a comming to *Regenspurg*, departed that day being the one and thirty of *July* another way for *Regenspurg* through the Mountaines of *Tirol* to *Niburg*, where wee lay being seven Dutch miles, a stately Towne from whence the Duke of *Niburg* takes his name, it stands on a small River *Beristines* which is of a blacke colour, as rising out from the cole Mines of *Epirus*.

The next day through *Swaben* and to *Ingolstate* the strongest Towne in all *Mesia*, which is a part of *Bavaria*, which Towne kept out the *King of Sweden* and killed his Horse under him, whose skinne is preserved still for a Relique in the Arsenall, it is the stronger having the *Danu* and a large Plaine on the South, and the swift River *Rhodanus* on the North, which not above a mile before falles into the *Danu*.

The next day which was the third of *August* his Excellency tooke Boate and that night arrived at *Regenspurg*, passing first by many small places not worth the naming except *Rellein*, a great Towne which had anciently beene a Colony *De Corvinus*, the Dictators, as it is said. The Emperours comming to Towne was in this manner: when he entered the first Gate of the City, twelve of the Magistrates, standing there, made a long Orati-

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on to his Majesty after their duty done, then past through a round where Musicke and voyces were, and a Canopie borne by sixe men having his Majesties Armes thereon, passing thus along the Streets through seven hundred Souldiers placed in order and his owne Guard of an hundred men about his Coach, the Empresse being with him, and after his Coach were an hundred Horsemen, with Carabines and Pistols, who alwayes guard his Person, called *Harshers*, clothed alike, then followed the Archdutchesse, in her Coach, and all the rest in their degrees, untill they came at the great Church, where his Majesty alighted and went in, where the Bishoppe of the City met him at the enterance, being clothed in his robes, with his Miter Cope and Croysers Staffe, burnt incense to them, being upon their knees, after went up to the high Altar, and there heard *Te Deum* sung with Drummes and Trumpets, this ended, retyred into his Pallas which doth adjoyne to the Church.

The fifth day his Excellency had audience of the Emperour and Empereesse, the next day *Conde d'Oniate* the Spanish Ambassadour Extraordinary visited his Excellency guarded by twelve Polakes having Carabines on their shoulders and sables by their sides, whose sonne is now Ambassadour Extraordinary in England.

The nineth day his Excellencie visited him, the same day the Duke of *Bavaria* came, and his Dutchesse, being bigge with childe, was brought

in her chaire from the waters side, attended with eight hundred thirty and seven persons, and seven hundred sixty and foure horses, and have taken five hundred quarters for them heere in the Towne.

The next day being Sunday, the Bishop of *Mentz* came in the evening with an hundred seventy and nine horses, and one hundred eighty and five persons.

The sixeteenth day the Poland Ambassadour visited his Excellency having thirty followers being all clothed in severall coloured Sattin dublets and red cloth hose with long Poland red coates, most of woven silke, without sleeves bands or hats, but redde cappes on their heads with a feather like unto a Turkey's in every one of them, their haire all cut off their heads, but one long locke left on their crowne, and all yellow short bootes, no spurres but iron heeles, and the Ambassadour in the same fashion, and twelve footemen clothed in the same kinde in a meaner habit, having great Pole-axes in their hands and sables by their sides.

The eighteenth day being the Emperours Coronation day, his Majestie went to visite the Elector of *Mentz*, about eight of the clocke in the morning, and all his Nobles and Servants attending on his Person going before him afoote by two and two together.

The same day also as soone as his Majesty departed, his Excellency visited him: and the one and

twen-

twenty being Sunday the Venetian Ambassadour visited his Excellency, and after him the Florentine Agent.

The next day in the afternoone his Excellency was visited by the Elector of *Mentz*, and the Bishop of *Vienna* after him, and Marquis *Palavicino*.

The five and twenty day in the forenoone the *Holland* Ambassadour visited his Excellency.

And the next day the *Spanish* Ambassadour gave his Excellency the second visite, and after him the Count *Slavata* Chancellour of *Pragne*.

The eight and twenty day being Sunday in the forenoone, the Emperour and Empresse went to doe homage for peace, accompanied with the Bishop of *Mentz*, the Duke of *Bavaria*, his Dutchesse, and the Archdutchesse her sister, from his Palace to a little old Church in the Towne, going all a foote, and their Nobles and servants attending in their orders; first Bannors, then all the Cavaleers, then singers, and all the Priests with their Orders, and the Bishop of the Towne in his Church Robes, then the Emperour following, led by the Count *Kezell* Lord high Chamberlaine, and *Don-Baltazar*, a great Commander: the Empereresse led by Count *Slavata* and Prince *Dietreichstain*, Lord high Chamberlaine to her Majestie; the Bishop of *Mentz*, the Duke of *Bavaria*, his Dutchesse, and the Archdutchesse her sister, led by their servants, and all the Nobles and Ladies following in their degrees: after their devotions ended, returned in the same manner.

The same day in the afternoone, his Excellency visited the *Spanish* Ambassadour.

And the next day the Bishop of *Maintz* gave his Excellencie the second visite.

This day after great search, were found the lost Bodies of his Excellencies servants, the Gentleman of his horse, his Trumpeter, together with their Guide, the Postmaster: sixe daies after the murder committed, being most barbarously slaine and tied to severall trees in the Wood, the distance of about a Pistols shot off from the Highway, as it was conceived to bee spectators each one of anothers end, and not foure English miles from *Nuringburge*, taken as they were returning for *Regenspurge*, and thus murthered: the head of the Gentleman of the Horse shotte thorough with a Pistoll, the Trumpeters head cut off, and the Guides cloven in sunder, and the next day after they were found were nobly interred at *Nuringburge*, accompanied with all the Lords and Burgers of the Citie.

The first of September being Thursday in the morning, came the Bishoppe of *Vienna* and Doctor *Gebard*, one of the Emperors Counsell, and a Clarke of the Counsell, to conferre together about his Excellencies Ambassage.

The fourth day being Sunday, the Emperour, Empereresse, the Dutchesse of *Bavaria*, and the Archdutchesse, her sister, went to the holy Crosse to heare a Vesper sung, and the Nobles afoote by their Coaches; the next day about ten

of

of the clocke in the forenoone all the Electors or their Ambaſſadours mette privately at Court, the ſame day, the Counteſſe of *Tyrconnell* an Iriſh Lady, and Sir *Griffin Markham* an Engliſh Gentleman dined with his Excellency, and many Scotiſh and Iriſh Colonels hath viſited his Excellencie and dined with him likewiſe; and they ſay a great part of the Emperours Army bee our Kings Subiects.

The next day the *Spaniſh* Ambaſſadour gave his Excellency the ſecond viſit, and after him, the Leger of *Genoa*.

The eighth day being Thurſday, about eight of the clocke in the morning, all the Electors or their Ambaſſadours met in the State-houſe, being a little meane houſe where the Magiſtrates of the Towne ſit to doe Juſtice, comming in this manner; firſt the Elector of *Collen* his Ambaſſadour, the Elector of *Brandeburgh* his Ambaſſadour, Elector of *Mentz*, the Duke of *Bavaria*, and the Elector of *Saxon* his Ambaſſadour, but the Elector of *Tryer* who was taken priſoner by the *Spaniard* as afore mentioned was not admitted, all in their Coaches, having but few attendants, and fewer ſpectators, they being ſat, two chaines were drawne over the Street and guarded that none might paſſe neere, having ſat two howers departed in the ſame manner they came, the Elector of *Mentz*, is Chancellour of *Germanie*, the Elector of *Collen* Chancellour of *Italy*, the King of *Bohemia* Cup-bearer of the *Empire*, the Elector Palatine of the *Rhine* high

high Shewer of *Germanie*, the Elector of *Saxon* high Marshall of the *Empire*, and the Elector of *Brandeburg* high Chamberlaine of the *Empire*: this day the Emperours propositions were opened and read to them.

His first was, that they should depose *Tryer* from his Electorship, and elect *Leopaldus* his Majesties second sonne in his place.

The second, to crowne his sonne King of the Romanes, who is now King of *Hungary*.

The third to raise up Forces to cleare the *Empire* of all Enemies which detaine and keepe any Imperiall Townes.

The fourth, to conclude a generall peace with all Christian Princes.

The tenth day, they all sat againe, and in a meaner fashion than before.

The fifteenth day, sat againe, in the forenoone there was a man beheaded for committing incest with his owne daughter, from nine yeeres old untill this time, she being now of the age of twelve yeeres, and with childe by him.

In the afternoone about foure of the clocke, came the Poland Ambassadour, to visite his Excellency, being his second time.

The next day in the morning earely, the Duke of *Bavaria* and his Dutchesse departed for *Munecken* eighteene Dutch miles off, there to remaine untill shee bee delivered; in so meane a fashion not worthy so much as to bee named, onely

shee was carled in a Chaire by her Coaches side.

The two and twentieth day, the *Electors* sate againe, and the most part of the Day they spent by way of private visits, with one another.

The next day, the *Brandenburgs* Ambassador, gave his *Excellence* the second visite.

The foure and twentieth day, the Ambassador of *Holland* visited his *Excellence* againe.

October the fourth day, the Count *Megaw* visited his Excellence the second time.

The fift day in the morning, the Emperour, Empresse, and all the Court, went to the Church of the *Carmelites*, to celebrate the Feast of St. TERESA, by whose Prayers and intercessions, it is sayd, certaine Captives were delivered out of *Turkie*, transported out of their bondage and set free, in another place not farre distant, and their Irons, Fetters, and Pictures, still preserved in this Church, for a testimony of the myracle: In the afternoone, the King of *Hungary* came, being sent for by the Emperor from the Army, to be elected King of the *Romans*, accompanied with divers Colonels and Commanders of *Scotch* and *Irish*, but an English Mile off the Town his Majesty made a stay, being in his Coach, untill the Emperor, Empresse and the whole Court came forth to meet him, and then he and all his Followers tooke horse, and met the Emperour and Empresse at a distance, he lighted, and hastened to doe his obedience to them; they likewise embracing him, then returned to his sister the Archdutchesse to salute her, who was in another Coach; in the meane time, his Followers kist the Emperor and Empresse hands; that ended, the

Emperor call'd him into his Coach, and went a Hawking, but when they came at the place where their game was, they all tooke Horſe, but the Empreſſe and the Archdutcheſſe, who were carryed in an open Litter by Mules, their ſport being ended, returned with their three Spaniels and one Hawke to their Pallace.

The 7. day, his Excellence was viſited by Colonell *Leſley* a *Scotch* Commander, and Captaine of the King of *Hungaries* Guard.

The 10. day on Sunday, the King went poſte to meet with his Queene, who was a comming hither likewiſe.

The 12. day, the Elector of *Colen* came in the forenoone, very well attended, and in the evening his Excellence had audience of the Emperor and Empreſſe, but as we paſſed through the Chambers to her Majeſty, there were neyther lights, nor men to direct us the way, paſſing thus along in the darke untill wee ſtumbled on a little doore, which is the doore of their Antichamber, where wee found three or foure Cavalieres, who had runne from the Emperours ſide thither a little before, to informe her Majeſty of his *Excellence's* comming, who was inſtantly brought in to her Chamber, and after returned the ſame way, and but one attending with a light.

The fourteenth day being Friday, the Queene of *Hungaria* came about five of the clocke in the afternoone, for at one, the Emperour, Empreſſe, and the Elector of *Colen*, together with the whole Court, went three Engliſh miles from the Towne to meet her, but Hawked as hee went untill three a clock, and then diſco-

discovering her a comming about halfe an English mile distant, left his sport and went to meet her, drawing neere, lighted of his Horse about foure Rod off from her Coach, and made hast with his Hat in hand to imbrace her, shee being but got out of her Coach and comming a little towards him, did her obedience kneeling and kissed his Hand, hee bowing low likewise, most joy fully received her in his armes, the Empresse being in a Litter and the Archdutchesse, hastened out likewise to salute her; their gratulation being ended, betweene them and the Elector of *Collen* and *Conde d'Oniate*, the *Spanish* Ambassador extraordinary, which in all, held more than a quarter of an houre, the King and Queene returned home in the Emperours Coach, having about thirty Coaches, and one hundred Horse, which brought them into the Towne.

The 17. day at 9. of the clocke in the morning, his Excellence had audience of the King, and in the afternoone was visited by Colonell *Lesley* againe, and after him by the Agent of *Poland*.

The next day in the Evening, there was a great Marriage at Court, Colonell *Wager* a *Polander*, who married a Maid of honour to the Empresse, call'd Madam *Shafcutzin*, whose Father was beheaded some few yeares since here in this Towne as a Conspirator against the Emperor; the Ceremony of the marriage beeing contrary to our English fashion, and in the Evening: I will declare it; First hee beeing brought from his Lodging by the *Poland* Ambassadour and many Cavalieres all well mounted

to the Court, lighted and went up to the Emperour and Empreſſe, then to his Majeſties private Chappell, being brought thither by the Emperor & the King, and ſhe by the Empreſſe and the Queen, where the Biſhop onely joyned their hands, as the Emperor gave her, and ſet a rich Crowne of Diamonds and Pearle on his head, which was his Majeſties, and then returned to the Privie Chamber, where the Emperor gave them a Supper, and his Majeſty, the Empreſſe, the King and Queene of *Hungary*, and the Archdutcheſſe, together with the Elector of *Mentz* and *Colen*, ſate at Table with them, and the Bridegroome with the Crowne all the time on, and the Bride cloathed very richly at the Empreſſes charge, having no other Iewels on but her Majeſties that night, and after Supper put to Bed by them, being an order, that what Lady ſoever of the Court Marries they do lye there that night, (if ſhe be a Maide, not elſe.)

The next day at two of the clocke, Count *Trauſmiſtorfe* Privie Councellor to the Emperor, and the chiefe Ruler in all the King of *Hungaries* affaires, viſited his Excellence, being ſent from the King.

The day after, Colonell *Leſley* dined with his Excellence, and after dinner was viſited by the *Spaniſh* Ambaſſador *Conde d' Oniato*.

And the one and twentieth day, his Excellence had Audience of the King and Queene of *Hungaries*, at Two of the clocke in the afternoone.

The next day, his Excellence viſited Count *Trauſmiſtorfe*, and the Biſhop of *Vienna*, and then returned home, and preſently after Count *Schlyck* Preſident to the

the Councell of warre, visited his Excellence; and at five of the clocke came Marquis *Castillado* to Towne, being Ambassador in ordinary from *Spaine*, who alwayes accompanies the King of *Hungary* in the Army, and came now from thence.

The 23. being Sunday, the Count of *Schwartzenburg* his Sonne, whose Father is the Ambassador from the Prince of *Brandenburg*, and Colonell *Lesley*, dined with his Excellence.

And the foure and twentieth day, about eight of the clocke in the morning, his Excellence visited the Elector of *Colen*, and at two of the clock Marquis *Castillado*, and likewise the Count *Megaw*.

And the day following, hee visited the *Poland* Ambassador in the forenoone, and the Elector of *Mentz* in the afternoone.

The 26. day, young *Pappenheym* dyned with his Excellence, whose Father was Generall for the Emperour in the King of *Swedens* time, and slaine then.

And the next day, his Excellence visited the Count of *Schlyck* againe.

The 28. his Excellence visited the Count of *Trauſmistorfe*: Being returned home, the *Poland* Ambassador came to take his leave of his Excellence, and returned into *Poland* againe; and this day the Elector of *Tryer* past by the Town at a distance, going for *Lintz*, there to remaine a Prisoner during the Emperours pleasure, being brought out of the King of *Spaines* dominions by a Convoy of the Emperors.

The 29. day in the evening, the Elector of *Colen*

visited his *Excellence*: And since, the Dutchesse of *Bavaria* is brought to Bed of a Sonne, and he Christened by the name of *Ferdinandus Maria Franciscus Ignatius Wolfgangus*.

The 30. of *October* on Sunday, their dyned with his *Excellence* the Count of *Styrenburg*, the Count of *Schmurbenburg junior*, Baron *Lambert*, and Count *Piccolomini*, whose Father is Generall of the Emperors Army, which joynes now with the Cardinall-*Infant* against the *French*. And after dinner, the *Spanish* Ambassador *Castillado* visited his *Excellence*; and the next day his *Excellence* visited the *Spanish* Ambassador extraordinary.

The first of *November*, his *Excellence* visited the Count of *Schlyck* in the Fore-noone, and had audience of the King in the afternoone.

The next day, his *Excellence* tooke his leave of *Castillado* the *Spanish* Liedger, and the Ambassador of *Brandenburg*.

And the day after, Doctor *Vmmius* Liedger from the Count of *Oldenburg*, visited his *Excellence*; and Colonell *Henderson* a *Scotch* Gentleman, & dyned both with him: and after dinner, his *Excellence* tooke his leave of Count *Pappenheym* Marshall of the Empire under the Elector of *Saxon*, and Count *Bockhaym* Master of the Horse to the King of *Hungary*; and the next morning, of the Count of *Schlyck*, and the Count of *Strolensdorfe*, Vice-Chancellor of the Empire; and in the afternoone of Count *Slavata*; and then returned home, and presently came *Conde d' Oniate* the *Spanish* Ambassador extraordinary, to give his *Excellence* his last visit;

fit; he being gone, his *Excellence* went and tooke his leave of the Elector of *Mentz*, and in the evening of the Elector of *Colen*.

The next day, the Count of *Slavato* came to give his *Excellence* his last visit, and after him the Bishop of *Vienna*: And the next morning Marquis *Pallavicino*, and after dinner the Ambassador *Castillado* and the Count *Trauſmiſtorfe*, and at 5. of the clocke his *Excellence* took his leave of the Emperor, Empresse, and the King and Queene of *Hungary*.

And the next morning being Tuesday, the 8. of *November*, early left *Regenſpurg* returning backe for *England* the same way to *Hemmaw*, the first night 3. Dutch miles. *Hemmaw.*

The next day wee travailed five Dutch miles to *Nyemarke*.

And the third day to *Nuremburg*, which was five Dutch miles more, where the next morning the Lords of the City came and presented their service to his *Excellence*, in a long Dutch complement, and after dined with him. *Nuremburg.*

And the next day in the afternoone they came againe, with a present of 40. Flaggons of wine, and three killors of Fish, which was brought in by thirty men all in red Coats, guarded on the armes, with white and red Caps, and then desired his *Excellence* to goe and view their *Stathouſe*, which is a large long building of Stone, above an hundred paces in length, passing first up 5. ascents of Staires, & through a long Gallery 90. paces long, ruffe cast with severall stories, and at the end entered into a square chamber, which some-

sometimes is their Councell-chamber, so into the second, third and fourth roome, which is twenty eight paces long, and twelve in breadth, painted above head, and carved very richly; and on one of the Walls hang the Pictures of the sixe *Cæsars*; First, *Carolus Magnus*, *Rodolphus Primus*, *C°. Mundus*, *Rodolphus Secundus*, *Mathius Primus*, and *Ferdinandus* this *Emperor*; then into the fifth roome, which was furnished likewise with severall rare pictures, and two Pictures of *Albert Durer* and his Father, done by him, which they presented his *Excellence* with; and in all these roomes are Stoves very richly made, and upholden, some by Lyons of Brasse, and others by Griffons.

From hence, we went to view one of their Houses, in which amongst the rest of his Pictures, was the picture of his Grandfather, who had neyther nose nor chin, as the picture demonstrateth; and then presented his *Excellence* with a Banquet: from hence to another faire house adjacent, and very well furnished likewise, but before we came into the rooms, we went up the curiousest Stayre-case of stone as ever I have seene.

And from hence to the Castle, where the Father of one of the Lords lived, who after he had shewed his *Excellence* all the roomes in the Castle, which adjoynes to the wall of the Towne, standing on a Hill, and a very deepe Well of one hundred and fifty Fathom, cut out of a Rocke, by which they were constrayned to releeve the Towne, in the time of their former warres, betweene the *Emperor* and the King of *Swe-*

den;

den; he presented his *Excellence* with another banquet, and then returned home.

The next day, which was Sunday, they all dined with his *Excellence*.

And in the morning being the 14. day, wee departed having stayed heere three dayes, and tooke a Convoy of 100. Musketiers along with us to *Neustadt*, five *Dutch* miles; The first night, travelling part by Torch-light through the Woods, and there lay on the straw that night: which Towne formerly hath beene inhabited by 250. Burgers or more, and not having now five in it.

The fifteenth day earely, thence to *Ketzen* five miles, and there lay on the planchers likewise; and the next day to *Wirtzburg* to dinner, which was three *Dutch* miles, staying that night there, having no other Towne neere to goe to. After dinner, the Lords of the Towne sent his Excellence a present of Two and thirty Flaggons of Wine, Fish, and provision for his Horse. *Wirtzburg.*

The next morning before his Excellence departed, he was visited by the Bishop of *Wesburg*, whom wee found, in the habit of a Countrey Gentleman, setting aside his Order, which is an enamelled Crosse hanging on a Blacke ribbon about his necke; who made very much of his Excellence, and presented him with the Picture of our *Ladie*, done by *Albertus Durerus*, being one of his best peeces; and then tooke leave of him, who was ready to ride out of Towne, to some other place for safety, the *Swedes* being within two dayes march of it, and then his Excellence returned

to his Lodging, and presently went away.

Bishopsheim. The seaventeenth day, taking a fresh Convoy went to *Bishopsheim* that night, a Towne seated in a bottome, and incompassed round with Hills, having the River *Tauber* running about part of it, belonging to the Bishop of *Mentz's*; travelling this day foure *Dutch* miles and most part through great Woods.

Earely next morning, thence through *Kulsen* a Village, and divers other poore Villages burnt and pillaged, passing through a hilly wooddy Countrey in much danger of the *Croats*, and spying some running up and downe in the Woods, being round about us, in number 6000. or more, dispersing themselves into severall Companies, pillaging and robbing of the *Mildebarke.* Countrey; travelling this day five miles to *Mildebarke*, but a *Dutch* mile before wee came thither, entered into our old way at *Nunkirken*, the poore burnt Village before mentioned, which is now inhabited by some Foure or five poore people.

The 19. day in the morning, from thence another way, taking another fresh Convoy, leaving our old way and the *Maine* on our right hand, passing along by the side of it, through *Hybach* a Village, and a faire House which is the Bishop of *Mentz* likewise, and through other Villages miserably battered, and in Plaines *Selgenstadt.* some sixe *English* miles in length, untill wee came to *Selgenstadt*, having gone this day sixe *Dutch* miles. Falling into our old way within one mile of the Towne, travelling all those dayes in danger of the *Croats*, whereas soone as his Excellence lighted, the Grave *Vandosme* Governour of the Countrey for the

the Bishop of *Mentz*, sent his Excellence a present of halfe a wilde Bore, and likewise provision for his Horse; knowing that the Towne could not affoord any thing.

The twentieth day being Sunday, early in the morning, wee went thence to *Frankfort* to dinner, which was three *Dutch* miles. *Frankfort.*

And the next morning after, his Excellence went to *Hannaw* to visite Sir *Iames Ramsey*, a *Scotch* Gentleman and Governour of the Towne, and there stayed that night, who met his *Excellence* without the gate with a troupe of Horse, and entering the Towne there went off a brace of Canons, and when his *Excellence* lighted, went off two more by the doore of his *Excellencies* lodging; which Towne, was besiedged a Yeare and a halfe by the Emperours forces, and at the beginning of the Siedge had such a grievous Plague, that there dyed in 7. Weekes, 22000. yet for all this, they kept out the enemy, though in great want and misery, and three moneths since was releeved by the Landt-grave of *Hesse*, who slew a great company of the Imperialists and drave them all away; for as wee passed by afore at a distance, we heard them as they were in their skirmish. The next morning, his *Excellence* went about the Towne to view the Workes, which are very strong scarce to bee scaled by any force, having two Ingines made but of sixe Musket barrels a piece, which *Dutch* Ingine dischargeth 80. times together, giving fire to it but once; the Towne is seated in a plaine ground, having the *Mayne* on the East, and incompassed on the North and West, with the River *Knisig*, *Hannaw.*

zig, beſides Moted round, and this River ſerveth 14. Mills which adjoynes to the Towne, and before any man can enter into the old Towne he muſt paſſe over three Bridges, and through ſeverall Bulworkes, and over another into the new Towne; and at the releeſe of the Town, there was one *Daniel Lauter* a chiefe Burger, dyed for very joy; he being above in his houſe and ſeeing the victory, was overcome with ſuch a mighty paſſion of joy, that hee fell downe and dyed inſtantly; there was likewiſe a woman, who killed many Dogs & ſold their fleſh at a great rate to many people, and one day as ſhee walked in the Streets, was like to have been devoured by them, had not ſome poore Souldiers by chance releeved her, who preſently confeſſed what ſhee had done formerly, acknowledging ſhe had juſtly deſerved it; and after dinner his *Excellence* tooke leave of Sir *Iames Ramſey*, and then returned backe to *Frankfort*.

The foure and twentieth day, foure of the Burgers of the Citie came and preſented their ſervice to his *Excellence* with twenty flaggons of Wine, and then dined with him; here wee ſtayed three dayes untill our Boates were made ready.

And on Saturday the 26. day of *November*, wee departed from hence, and rowed downe the *Mayne*; the firſt night to *Flerſheym*, which was three miles, againſt which wee caſt anchor and lay aboard; The next morning launched forth, and paſt downe to *Mentz*, and there his *Excellence* went on ſhore, to ſee if it were any way inriched ſince our being there, but alas, wee found it as miſerable as before, with divers

poore

poore people lying on Dunghils almost starved, being scarce able to crawle for to receive his *Excellencies* almes, and presently returning to our Boate to dinner, wee afterwards releeved many poore hungry soules with the fragments; Thence after dinner downe the *Rhyne* to *Rudesheim*, which was five *Dutch* miles, and there cast anchor, and lay on the boards likewise.

Very earely the next morning wee weyed anchor, and presently entred into a dangerous place to passe, called *Bingham-Locke*, where the River *Loo* falls into the *Rhyne* by the Towne amongst many Rockes, which causeth a violent fall, tossing us up and downe, that if wee had but touched any part of them we had all been cast away; being past this, we came to *Bacharach*, where, some of our Company did but goe ashore (and presently hastened after in a little Boate,) were pursued by five Musketiers almost to his *Excellencies* Boat, who discharged very often at them, yet by good fortune mist them, and having overtaken his *Excellence*, they instantly fled away; then going on to a large Iland, an *English* mile from *Coblentz*, wee there cast anchor and lay all that night; for wee could not passe to the Towne without leave from the Governour, by reason of severall watches which lay in our way; which night wee lay in much danger, perceiving them walke up and downe to catch a prey, for as some of our company did but goe a little way from our Boat, they were layd hold on, and one that fled, had a Musket shot at him, and hee that was taken, they caried before their Commander, who was in a Monastery in the Iland, examining him, & then let him goe.

Coblintz. The next morning, his *Excellence* sent againe to the Governour, for passage, who like a base fellow made us stay that night also, and the next day untill three of the clock in the afternoone, and would not let us passe, for all that his *Excellence* had sent him the Emperors Passe and Letter, wherein hee was commanded, not onely to give passage, but, to assist him in any thing hee required; yet for all this, hee kept us still, and would not give way that our Trumpeter might goe to the *French* in the Castle; but they perceiving how unworthily hee did deale with his *Excellence*, discharged 4. or 5. Cannons at his house, and shot quite through it, at last hee came at the third sending for, with an excuse, hee was very unkindly delt with by Cardinall *Genetta*, the Popes *Nuntio*, who lately passed by, going to *Collen*, but stayed him three dayes first, before hee let him passe, and made him promise faithfully not to visit the *French*, but being got beyond the Towne landed and went in, which made him vow not to let any passe. But after that hee had talked a while with his *Excellence*, gave leave to fall downe neere the Towne, and having cast anchor, set a strong watch about us, and then gave leave for the Trumpeter to goe to Monsieur *Salade* in the Castle for passage, who most willingly granted it, and sent his *Excellence* a very faire ancient Picture; but hearing by the Trumpeter the Governours base usage towards his *Excellencie*, presently plac'd their Canons against his house, and vowed his Sonne should give fire to them the next morning, and would send him such a breakfast, as that hee should need no dinner; in the

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interim, there came a Lieutenant from the Governour, upon a colour to visite his *Excellence*, who proved a second Villaine in the end, for all that wee used him very well, and fedde his hungry belly better than it had beene long before; for the Souldiers themselves confessed, that they had but one Browne loafe and a halfe of Bread in eight dayes, and not one penny of money; yet this Rascall lay lurking in our Boate till our Trumpeter returned, and then violently tooke him and the Skipper, and carried them into the Towne and set a watch about them; and the next morning, sent his *Excellence* word hee might passe, but the Trumpeter should follow after; whereupon his *Excellence* sent his Steward to know the reason, who found them tyed by the Armes together, the Skippers finger cut off, & the Trumpeters head escaped very narrowly from being cloven in two, had not his strong Hat defended it, and also had threatned to hang them up the next day together, but with much adoe hee brought them away with him, and after followed a Gentleman to excuse that barbarous base usage of the Lieutenant, and leave to passe, presently departing, and being gone but a little past the Towne and against the Castle, they saluted us, and said they would drinke the King of *Englands* health, and then gave fire to more than twenty thundring Cannons, beside a brave volley of small Shot, which made their Houses to smoake and tumble in our sight, but they durst not returne one backe againe; the other Governour *Geats*, gave us very noble usage, but this who was lately sent, shewed himselfe so base, that he deserves

no

no name with us; from hence to *Bonn*, and there cast anchor, but durst not lye nigh the Towne, the Sickneſſe being very ſore in it, and this day rowed eight miles.

The next day being the firſt of *December*, in the morning we went from thence to *Collen*, being foure miles, leaving thoſe delightfull Mountaines, Hills, and pleaſant Vines, and entred into a plaine Countrey, where as ſoone as wee came into the Towne, neere the Palace where the Cardinall lay, had information, of all what the booriſh Governour of *Coblentz* ſayd of him was falſe; wee ſtayed heere three dayes untill wee had exchanged our Boates for bigger, and every day his *Excellence* had preſented unto him 24. Flaggons of Wine, ſent from the Magiſtrates, who once dined with him.

Collen.

And on Sunday the 4. day of *December* about foure of the clocke at night tooke Shipping, and the next morning at three a clocke ſet ſayle, and ſayled downe by *Mulheim* on the left ſide of the *Rhyne*, and *Sonts* on the other ſide, which belongeth to the Abbots of *Collen*, where wee ſtayed to free Toll; then on by *Newſe* on the ſame ſide, where the River runneth out to it, and ſo to *Duſſeldorpe*, where as ſoone as we came but neere the ſhore, out came the Noble Duke of *Neuburgh*, and clambered over other Ships to come into ours, to viſite his *Excellence*, being much joyed at his ſafe returne, and had made proviſion at his Houſe to entertaine his *Excellence*, but perceiving he would not ſtay, ſent for a wilde Bore, Wine, and five Pictures, and preſented them to his *Excellence*, then tooke

Mulheim.

Duſſeldorpe

tooke his leave, being very sory to let him goe, but considering the time and tediousnesse of the weather, was more willing to give leave, he staying by the shore untill wee put off, and then went off 10. Cannons, the Duke still walking along the shore as farre as the water would give him leave, and stayed untill we were out of sight. From thence by *Keiserswert* belonging to the Elector of *Collen*, seated on the left side of the *Rhyne*, where wee were stayed to free our Toll againe, and at our lanching forth saluted us with one Peece of Ordnance, so on by *Ordingen* a little Towne, where on the other side, about a league further wee cast anchor, against a small old Castle called *Engersort*, saying seaven leagues and a halfe this day, for before wee went by miles, which were some foure or five *English* miles at the least in length, but these are but three English; this night wee lay in much danger, for there did lye on each side of us, parties, which robbeth and pillageth all Passengers; for wee saw above fifty in a company, going all along by the shore, but a little before wee cast anchor, and at 10. of the clocke in the night being very darke, was a false alarum given by the Watch of a partie comming, which made us all flye to our weapons, at last perceiving it was but one Boate, and they that were in it, crying out Friends from the Duke of *Neuburg*, else wee had shot them, who came for to have passage into *England*.

Next morning earely wee weyed anchor, and went part of the day in danger likewise, to *Orsoy*, the first Garrison Towne of the *States*, where we were stayed, and our Ship searched what wee carried, but at our

putting off, they gave us two Pieces of Ordnance; so from thence along by *Rhineberg*, against which there lay a man of Warre of the *States*, who saluted us with three Pieces; then by *Burickſweaſell*, and a league further we caſt anchor in the middle of the *Rhyne*, ſayling this day but 4. leagues and a halfe, by reaſon of our ſtay at ſeverall Toll places.

The next day earely in the morning, ſet ſayle, and ſayled downe by *Rhees*, *Emmericke*, and by *Schenck-Schants*, which is now new built and well fortified againe, where wee left the *Rhyne* and that on our right hand, and went downe in a deepe River called the *Wall*, by *Nimmegen* a faire Towne, ſeated on the Eaſt ſide of the *Rhyne* on a hanging Hill, where the Governour of the Towne, Sonne to one of the *States*, came forth and tendered his ſervice to his *Excellence*. In which Towne there dyed this Summer 12000. people of the Plague, but now thankes be to God, it is almoſt ceaſed: from thence, paſſing by ſeverall *Redoubt-Houſes* built at every halfe league, in which there lyeth a Watch continually to keepe the River, paſſing along untill wee came to the fourth Houſe; where, for all wee told them it was an *Engliſh* Ambaſſador, ſhot foure or five Pieces at us, and miſt ſome of us very narrowly; whereupon wee caſt anchor, and lay in the middle of the *Rhyne*, but could not certainly learne who they were, ſayling this day ſeaven leagues.

Teill. *December* the 8. in the morning, wee ſet ſayle and went to *Teill*, being but two leagues, and could not paſſe any further for yce, but ſayled in great danger thither

thither of splitting our Ship by the violent force of it, which caused us to stay there three dayes, untill we heard there might be a passage cut over the *Rhyne* at *Viana*; departed thither upon little Sledges, on Sunday the eleventh of *December*, and passed over great quantities of yce, through *Burem*, where the Prince of *Orange* hath a faire Castle, thence to *Culenburg*, and so to *Viana* to Bed, travelling with much labour some on foot, others by the sledges this day 6. leagues, where Sir *Ferdinando Carie*, an English Gentleman, entertained his *Excellence* that night; the Towne is very pleasantly seated upon the East side of the *Rhyne*, and their rest thinges in it, are Flowers; for there was a *Tulip-roote* sold lately for 340. pounds, as Sir *Ferdinando* informed his Excellence.

The next morning, wee tooke Boate and crossed over the River, though with much danger and difficulty in the wet, the winde and tyde contrary, being got ashore, went to *Vtrecht* where we lay that night, which was but 2. leagues, and where there then dyed of the Plague 80. a weeke, but a little before 300; from thence to *Leydon* next day to Bed, travelling very late, and eight leagues this day; where some of the Princes the Queene of *Bohemia's* Sonnes, were at Schoole, whom his *Excellence* presently visited, and there met with some Gentlemen, which the Queene had sent to meet his *Excellence*, and two of her Coaches to fetch him to the *Hague*.

The next day before his *Excell:* went away, he viewed the chiefe things of note in the Towne, as the Universities, the *Anatomie* Schoole, which before we had

not leysure to see, and from thence after dinner to the *Hague*, which was but 3. leagues, being Wednesday the 14th. day of *December*, and their *Christmas* Eve.

Amsterdam Thus leaving his *Excellence* at the *Hague*, I went for *Amsterdam* that famous Citie, first by Waggon to *Harlem*, which was five leagues, where I lay that night, being a very well built Towne, the next day to the Citie it selfe, which was three leagues, passing all the way upon a Cawsey, by *Harlem-Meare* on my right hand, and the River *Tey* on the left, and entred in at *Harlem-Port*, and past through all the new Towne, and over three large *Graufts*, *Princes*, *Keasers*, and the *Heares Grauft*, these Streets be three Quarters of an English mile in length, two hundreth paces in bredth, having an even row of stately beautifull Buildings, and Trees planted the whole length of the *Graufts* side, and so into the old Towne, which is not of so stately a building, but the whole Citie is built upon Piles in the water, and a great Channell runneth through every Street for the Marchants ships to sayle to their doores, their *Exchange* is built much like unto that in *London*, both beneath and above, but that it wants a little in bredth, with water running under it, there is a very large building called the *Weishouse*, wherein all poore Children, Fatherlesse, or of decayed Parents, are there maintained and brought up, and there is now at this present time 800. all clad alike, the one side of their garments Blacke and the other Red; there is likewise foure Hospitals adjoyning one unto another, for Men and Women to be severed each from other, the East and West *Indian* Houses, two

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rare Builings and curious within, and many other delightfull things to pleaſe the eye, heere I ſtayed two dayes; and on Saturday the 17. day of *December*, at 5. of the clocke at night, tooke a *Scute* drawne by a Horſe, and went up a River along by the ſide of the Cawſey; than I paſſed downe on before to *Harlem*, and there at 10. of the clocke in the Evening tooke a Waggon, and travailed all night to the *Hague*, which was five leagues; but ferried over the *Rhyne* at two in the morning, and got thither by 8. of the clocke; where wee ſtayed Eight dayes, and the moſt part of the time was ſpent at the Queenes Court, and the reſt in viſites, betweene the Prince of *Orange*, the *States*, and three Ambaſſadors which were there; as Monſieur *Charneſſe* from *France*, Seignior *Carmerarius* for the *Swedes*, the *Venetian* Ambaſſador, and the Count of *Culenburg*; but hearing our Ship was come, his *Excellence* tooke leave of the Queene at 10. of the clocke at night, and came away next morning being Wedneſday, the one and twentieth of *December*, and Prince *Maurice* along with him to *Keſwicke*, where the Prince of *Orange* hath a Houſe, which his Excellence viewed, and then the Prince taking leave returned backe againe, and his *Excellence* rode on forward in her Majeſties Coach to *Delft* where he dined, in which Towne there are as many Bridges as Dayes in the yeare, and ſo many Channels and Streets, where Boates doe paſſe up and downe, and one common Paſſage under a Church-yard, under which wee did paſſe, from thence by a Scute to *Rotterdam*, where we lay, which is from the *Hague* five leagues, untill that the *Hague.*

winde ſerved us, and then on Saturday being the 24. of *December* (and *Chriſtmas* Eve by our ſtile) at 11. of the clocke in the night, tooke Boates and went to our Ship, ſayling firſt through *Magan-Sluce* to *Helver-Sluce*, where our Ship called the *Garland* did ride at anchor, and about 3. in the afternoone ſet ſayle, and ſayled over the Barre, having a Pilate ſayling before us with a Lanthorne on the top of his Maſt, ſounding for the depth all the way; and the next day at twelue of the clocke caſt Anchor in the *Downes*, and there rid and could not land for the roughneſſe of the Sea, untill Tueſday morning the 27. of *December*, and then landed at *Deale*, and from thence by Poaſt to *Canterbury*, and ſo to *Sittinburne* to bed.

The next day in the morning earely to *Graveſend*, and there tooke water for *London*; where on the way, my Right Honourable Lady met his *Excellence*, who exchanged Barges, and there ſhe entertained him with a Banquet, and ſo earely the next morning, went to *Hampton* Court to his Majeſty.

FINIS.